

24PH103 PHYSICS FOR ENGINEERS										
Course Category: Physics (PH)				Program Core (PC)				Credits:		
Course Type:				Theory				Lecture-Tutorial-Practice:		
Pre-requisites: 10+2 Physics								Continuous Assessment Summative Assessment Total Marks:		
Course Description: <p>Physics is an interdisciplinary field that serves as a bridge between basic science and engineering, applying physical principles to solve engineering problems. This course emphasizes topics such as crystallography, X-ray diffraction, and crystal structure determination. It also covers the principles and applications of lasers and optical fibers. Additionally, it explores the mechanics, synthesis, characterization, and application of Nanomaterials, including carbon nanotubes and graphene.</p>										
Course Objectives: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Introduce the fundamentals of crystal structure and the techniques for X-ray diffraction. 2. Elucidate the core principles of lasers and optical fibers, highlighting their applications in science and technology. 3. Discuss the foundational concepts of mechanics and their formalization in engineering applications. 4. Develop skills to understand and apply the principles of physical properties to solve engineering problems. 5. Explain how the dimensionality of materials at the Nanoscale influences their properties, with exploring numerous industrial applications. 										
Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to										
CO	Course Outcomes									
CO1	Describe various types of crystal structures and their characterization techniques.									
CO2	Identify different types of lasers and optical fibers, and their applications in science and technology.									
CO3	Explain the basic concepts of mechanics as applicable to engineering applications.									
CO4	Demonstrate the physical properties of solids and their interrelationships.									
CO5	Identify the fabrication methods of Nanomaterials and carbon nanotubes, and their applications in engineering and technology.									
Course articulation matrix										
COs	POs									
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	H									
CO2	H		M							
CO3	H	L								
CO4	H									
CO5	H				L					
(1-Low,2-Medium,3-High)										
Course Content										
UNIT-I										
Crystallography and Characterization of Materials										
Crystallography: Space lattice, basis, unit cell and lattice parameters, Bravais lattices (3 Dimensional), coordination number, packing fraction of SC, FCC, and BCC.										

separation between successive (hkl) planes.

Characterization of Materials: Introduction, diffraction of X – rays, derivation of Bragg’s X – ray spectrometer, determination of crystal structure by powder method.

UNIT-II

Lasers and Optical Fibers

Lasers: Introduction, characteristics of laser, basic principles of lasers (absorption, spontaneous emission and stimulated emission), requirements of lasers (pumping, population inversion, optical resonance cavity), solid state laser (Ruby), applications of lasers.

Optical Fibers: Introduction, fundamentals of optical fiber, propagation of light in optical fiber, types of optical fiber, numerical aperture, fractional refractive index change, applications of optical fibers in communication and its advantages.

UNIT-III

Kinematics of Particle Motion

Kinematics of Rectilinear Motion: Displacement, velocity, and acceleration with uniform acceleration, and motion with variable acceleration.

Kinematics of Curvilinear Motion: Rectangular components of velocity and tangential acceleration, motion of projectiles.

UNIT-IV

Properties of Solids

Properties of Solids: Motion of a particle in a central force field, Kepler’s laws, applications, Hooke’s law, stress – strain relation, elastic moduli, relation between Young’s modulus and Poisson’s ratio, expression for Poisson’s ratio in terms of elastic constants, determination of modulus by static torsion.

UNIT-V

Nanomaterials

Nanomaterials: Introduction to Nanomaterials, general properties of Nanomaterials, the Nanoscale (surface to volume ratio, quantum confinement effect), fabrication of Nanomaterials using plasma arcing and chemical vapour deposition methods, characterization of Nanomaterials by SEM and TEM, Carbon nano tubes, SWNT, MWNT, formation of Carbon nano tubes by laser ablation, properties of Carbon nano tubes, Applications of CNTs & nanomaterials.

Text Books:

1. Avadhanulu, M. N. (2019). A textbook of engineering physics (11th ed.). New Age International Publications.
2. Tayal, A. K. (2006). Engineering Mechanics: Statics and Dynamics (13th ed.). New Age International Publications.

Reference Books:

1. Halliday, D. Resnick, R., & Walker, J. (2020). Fundamentals of Physics (11th ed.). Wiley Sons.
2. Pandey, B.K., & Chaturvedi, S. (2021). Engineering Physics (1st ed.). Central Board of Secondary Education.
3. Sharma, S., & Sharma, J. (2018). Engineering Physics (1st ed.). Pearson Education.
4. Srinivasan, M. R. (2009). Physics for Engineers (1st ed.). New Age International Publications.

Web Resources:

1. X – ray crystallography and Diffraction, NPTEL– Ranjit Kumar Ray, Prof. of Physics, IIT Kharagpur.

- Madras, https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_mm39/preview
2. Introduction to LASER, NPTEL – M. R. Shenoy, Professor, IIT – Delhi, https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_ph01/preview
 3. Fiber Optics, NPTEL – Vipul Rastogi, Professor, IIT – Roorkee, https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_ph07/preview
 4. Mechanics, NPTEL – Anjani Kumar Tiwari, Professor, IIT – Roorkee, https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc24_me148/preview.
 5. Mechanics of Solids, NPTEL – Priyanka Ghosh, Professor, IIT Kanpur, https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ce46/preview.
 6. Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, NPTEL – Swayam, Sree Narayana College, University of Kerala, https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec24_cy03/preview